## Activity -- Series and Parallel Circuits

## Part I. Series Circuit

A. Examine the Series circuit set up at the front of the room. Draw a picture of the circuit here.
B. In your drawing, identify the potential of the power supply.
C. In your drawing, identify the power that you would expect to be consumed by each of the light bulbs.
D. Form a hypothesis: Which lamp do you think will burn the brightest? Which lamp do you think will be the most dim?
E. Form a hypothesis: Which lamp do you think has the greatest resistance? Which lamp do you think has the least resistance?
F. Watch as the instructor applies voltage to the circuit. Write down your observations here.
G. Based on your observations, which bulb is using the most power (i.e., converting the most electrical energy to radiation)?
H. The amount of current running through the circuit is the same everywhere, but the resistance in each lamp causes a different change in potential. Based on the relationship $P=I V$, which lamp causes the greatest drop in potential? Which lamp causes the least drop in potential?
I. Based on Ohm's Law ( $V=I R$ ) and your results from H. above, which lamp in this circuit has the greatest resistance? Which lamp has the least resistance?
J. Why didn't the bulb with the highest power rating burn the brightest in this circuit?

## Part II. Parallel Circuit

A. Examine the Parallel circuit set up at the front of the room. Draw a picture of the circuit here.
B. In your drawing, identify the potential of the power supply.
C. In your drawing, identify the power consumed by each of the light bulbs.
D. Form a hypothesis: Which lamp do you think will burn the brightest? Which lamp do you think will be the most dim?
E. Form a hypothesis: Which lamp do you think has the greatest resistance? Which lamp do you think has the least resistance?
F. Watch as the instructor applies voltage to the circuit. Write down your observations here.
G. Based on your observations, which bulb is using the most power (i.e., converting the most electrical energy to radiation) in this circuit?
H. The potential difference applied over each lamp is the same in this circuit, but the different resistance in each lamp causes a different current to flow in each lamp. Based on the relationship $P=I V$, which lamp has the greatest current running through it? Which lamp causes the least current running through it?
I. Based on Ohm's Law ( $V=I R$ ) and your results from H. above, which lamp has the greatest resistance? Which lamp has the least resistance?
J. Why did the high power bulb burn brighter in this circuit?

## Part III. A Combined Circuit

Based on your results above, examine the following circuit, and calculate currents and potentials for all components. Also, indicate which lamps will shine the brightest.


